

# STIC Search Report

# STIC Database translating strength

TO: Cheryl Lewis

Location: RND 3B07 Art Unit: 2167

Tuesday, June 07, 2005

Case Serial Number: 09/717529

From: David Holloway Location: EIC 2100

**RND 4B19** 

Phone: 2-3528

david.holloway@uspto.gov

## Spaire in Novels

Dear Examiner Lewis,

Attached please find your search results for above-referenced case. Please contact me if you have any questions or would like a re-focused search.

David





# STIC EIC 2100 Search Request Form 155

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Today 5 Date. 11 12 if 5 if 5 if 5	Date: 11/21/2060 Other:
Name <u>Chefyl Lewis</u> AU <u>2167</u> Examiner # <u>172314</u> Room # <u>3607</u> Phone <u>272-4113</u> Serial # <u>09</u> 717, 529	Format for Search Results (Circle One):  PAPER DISK EMAIL  Where have you searched so far?  USP DWPI EPO JPO ACM IBM TDB  IEEE INSPEC SPI Other
Is this a "Fast & Focused" Search Request? (Circ A "Fast & Focused" Search is completed in 2-3 hours (ma meet certain criteria. The criteria are posted in EIC2100 http://ptoweb/patents/stic/stic-tc2100.htm.	aximum). The search must be on a very specific topic and
What is the topic, novelty, motivation, utility, or other specinclude the concepts, synonyms, keywords, acronyms, de the topic. Please attach a copy of the abstract, backgrourelevant art you have found.	cific details defining the desired focus of this search? Please efinitions, strategies, and anything else that helps to describe nd, brief summary, pertinent claims and any citations of

A method to ordering patent applications. A usex submits a request to receive patents (Electronic files) via Electronic mail.

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Lives). The e-mail comprises electronic text (patent diament with text comprised of a (1) unique identifier and (2)

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STIC Searcher ) aurelHollowy	Phone <u>2-3528</u>
Date picked up 6-7-08 Da	Completed 6-7-05

See Spee. Pages 8-10 Ands)

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A program parses the Electronic text to identify. the Electronic text to identify. the

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File
       8:Ei Compendex(R) 1970-2005/May W5
         (c) 2005 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc.
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File 434:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1974-1989/Dec
         (c) 1998 Inst for Sci Info
File
      34:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1990-2005/May W5
         (c) 2005 Inst for Sci Info
File
      99:Wilson Appl. Sci & Tech Abs 1983-2005/May
         (c) 2005 The HW Wilson Co.
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File 95:TEME-Technology & Management 1989-2005/Apr W4 (c) 2005 FIZ TECHNIK

(Item 3 from file: 8) DIALOG(R) File 8:Ei Compendex(R) (c) 2005 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv. E.I. No: EIP96043156751 Title: Intelligent retrieval of medical images from the Internet Author: Tang, Yau-Kuo; Chiang, Ted T. Corporate Source: Loral AeroSys, Seabrook, MD, USA Conference Title: Medical Imaging 1996: PACS Design and Evaluation: Engineering and Clinical Issues CA, USA Conference Location: Newport Beach, Conference Date: 19960213-19960215 Sponsor: SPIE - Int Soc for Opt Engineering, Bellingham, WA USA E.I. Conference No.: 22519 Source: Proceedings of SPIE - The International Society for Optical 1996. Society of Photo-Optical Instrumentation Engineering 2711 Engineers, Bellingham, WA, USA. p 440-448 Publication Year: 1996 CODEN: PSISDG ISSN: 0277-786X ISBN: 0-8194-2086-7 Language: English Document Type: CA; (Conference Article) Treatment: A; (Applications) Journal Announcement: 9609W3 Abstract: The object of this study is using Internet resources to provide a cost-effective, user-friendly method to access the medical image archive system and to provide an easy method for the user to identify the images required. This paper describes the prototype system architecture, the implementation, and results. In the study, we prototype the Intelligent Medical Image Retrieval (IMIR) system as a Hypertext Transport Prototype server and provide Hypertext Markup Language forms for user, as an Internet client, using browser to enter image retrieval criteria for review. We are developing the intelligent retrieval engine, with the capability to map the free text search criteria to the standard terminology used for medical image identification. We evaluate retrieved records based on the number of the free text entries matched and their relevance level to the standard terminology. We are in the integration and testing phase. We have collected only a few different types of images for testing and have trained a few phrases to map the free text to the standard medical terminology. Nevertheless, we are able to demonstrate the IMIR's ability to search, retrieve, and review medical images from the archives using general Internet browser. The prototype also uncovered potential problems in performance, security, and accuracy. Additional studies and enhancements

will make the system clinically operational. 8 Refs.

Descriptors: \*Medical imaging; Information retrieval systems; Artificial intelligence; Data transfer; Computer networks; Communication systems

Identifiers: Intelligent retrieval engines; Internet; Hypertext transport; Medical terminology

Classification Codes:

(Item 7 from file: 8) DIALOG(R)File 8:Ei Compendex(R) (c) 2005 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv.

E.I. Monthly No: EIM8703-020941

Title: ON THE USE OF KNOWLEDGE-BASED PROCESSING IN AUTOMATIC TEXT RETRIEVAL.

Author: Salton, Gerard

Corporate Source: Cornell Univ, Ithaca, NY, USA

Conference Title: ASIS '86, Proceedings of the 49th ASIS Annual Meeting.

Conference Location: Chicago, IL, USA Conference Date: 19860928

Sponsor: ASIS, Washington, DC, USA

E.I. Conference No.: 09182

Source: Proceedings of the ASIS Annual Meeting v 23 1986. Publ by Learned Information Inc, Medford, NJ, USA p 277-287

Publication Year: 1986

CODEN: PAISDQ ISSN: 0044-7870 ISBN: 0-938734-14-8

Language: English

Document Type: PA; (Conference Paper)

Journal Announcement: 8703

Abstract: The representation of document and information content by means of single terms extracted from document texts is not always adequate for text processing purposes. Term relations or associations are therefore often used for the construction of complex identifiers to be attached to the information items. The complex identifications include term phrases generated by using the occurrence characteristics of certain words in document texts, and synonym classes specified in a thesaurus. The experimental evidence indicates that substantial difficulties arise in obtaining effective complex text identifiers that actually help in retrieval . To replace the existing text analysis methods, artificial intelligence approaches are often proposed based on the use of stored knowledge bases and expert system approaches. The main components of advanced artificial intelligence systems are briefly examined, and the conclusion is reached that the artificial intelligence methods are likely to be even more difficult to apply to normal document environments than the conventional text analysis methodologies. (Author abstract) 38 refs.

Descriptors: \*INFORMATION RETRIEVAL SYSTEMS; ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE--Expert Systems; INFORMATION SCIENCE--Indexing

Identifiers: AUTOMATIC TEXT RETRIEVAL; KNOWLEDGE-BASED SYSTEMS; CONTENT ANALYSIS

Classification Codes:

723 (Computer Software); 903 (Information Science)

(COMPUTERS & DATA PROCESSING); 90 (GENERAL ENGINEERING)

(Item 1 from file: 8) 27/5/1 DIALOG(R)File 8:Ei Compendex(R) (c) 2005 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv. E.I. No: EIP98094386323 Title: Combining laboratory data sets from multiple institutions using the logical observation identifier names and codes (LOINC) Author: Baorto, David M.; Cimino, James J.; Parvin, Curtis A.; Kahn, Michael G. Corporate Source: Washington Univ, St. Louis, MO, USA Source: International Journal of Medical Informatics v 51 n 1 Jul 1998. p Publication Year: 1998 CODEN: IJMIF4 ISSN: 1386-5056 Language: English Document Type: JA; (Journal Article) Treatment: A; (Applications) Journal Announcement: 9811W3 Abstract: A standard set of names and codes for laboratory test results is critical for any endeavor requiring automated **data** pooling, including multi-institutional research and cross-facility patient care. This need had led to the development of the logical observation identifier names and codes (LOINC) database and its test-naming convention. This study is an expansion of a pilot study using LOINC to exchange laboratory data between Columbia University Medical Center in New York and Barnes Hospital at Washington University in St. Louis, where we described complexities and ambiguities that arose in the LOINC coding process (D.M. Baorto, J.J. Cimino, C.A. Parvin, M.G. Kahn, Proc. Am. Med. Inf. Assoc. 1997). For the present study, we required the same two medical centers to again extract raw laboratory data from their local information system for a defined patient population, translate tests into LOINC and provide aggregate data which could then be used to compare laboratory utilization. Here we examine a larger number of tests from each site which have been recorded using an updated version of the LOINC database. We conclude that the coding of local tests into LOINC can often be complex, especially the 'Kind of Property' field and apparently trivial differences in choices made by individual institutions can result in nonmatches in electronically pooled data . In the present study, 75% of failures to match the same tests between different institutions using LOINC codes were due to differences in local coding choices. LOINC has the potential to eliminate the need for detailed human inspection during the pooling of laboratory data from diverse sites and perhaps even a built-in capability to adjust matching stringency by selecting subsets of LOINC fields required to match . However, a quality standard coding procedure is required and examples highlighted in this paper may require special attention while mapping to LOINC. (Author abstract) 12 Refs. Descriptors: \*Medical computing; Data structures; Database systems; Codes (symbols); Hospitals; Societies and institutions; Hospital data processing; Health care Identifiers: Laboratory data sets; Multiple institutions; Logical observation identifier names and codes Classification Codes: 901.1.1 (Societies & Institutions)

723.5 (Computer Applications); 461.1 (Biomedical Engineering); 723.2 (Data Processing); 723.3 (Database Systems); 462.2 (Hospitals, Equipment

723 (Computer Software); 461 (Biotechnology); 462 (Medical Engineering

(COMPUTERS & DATA PROCESSING); 46 (BIOENGINEERING); 90 (GENERAL

& Supplies); 901.1 (Engineering Professional Aspects)

& Equipment); 901 (Engineering Profession)

ENGINEERING)

(Item 3 from file: 8) 27/5/3 DIALOG(R)File 8:Ei Compendex(R) (c) 2005 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv. E.I. No: EIP98024092035 Title: Classifying and retrieving software components based on profiles Author: Hong, S.B.; Kim, Kapsu Corporate Source: Electronics and Telecommunications Research Inst, Taejon, South Korea Conference Title: Proceedings of the 1997 1st International Conference on Information, Communications and Signal Processing, ICICS. Part 3 (of 3) Conference Location: Singapore, Singapore Conference 19970909-19970912 Sponsor: IEEE E.I. Conference No.: 48010 Source: Trends in Information Systems Engineering and Wireless Multimedia Communications Proceedings of the International Conference on Information, Communications and Signal Processing, ICICS v 3 1997. IEEE, Piscataway, NJ, USA. p 1756-1760 Publication Year: 1997 CODEN: 002795 Language: English Document Type: CA; (Conference Article) Treatment: G; (General Review) Journal Announcement: 9804W4 Abstract: We propose that the Software Reuse System can classify, register, and retrieve software components based on their profiles. There are two profiles : Object Profiles are constructed by extracting from software components their identifiers , function identifiers , and variable identifiers . Virtual Profiles are made by extracting common identifiers and their weights from Object Profiles or Virtual Profiles. By similarity function, the similarity values between profiles and software components are calculated, classified, registered by their value. To retrieve software components, keywords representing the software components and their weights are inputted by users. The similarity value of keywords and profiles is calculated, and software components with most high similarity value are retrieved . This system can register and retrieve software components more easily than other system and classify and retrieve software components faster than the systems using conventional retrieval method. (Author abstract) 8 Refs. information Descriptors: \*Computer software selection and evaluation; Computer retrieval systems; Database aided software engineering; Information Identifiers: Software reuse systems; Virtual profiles; Object profiles Classification Codes: 723.1 (Computer Programming); 723.5 (Computer Applications); 903.3

(Information Retrieval & Use); 723.3 (Database Systems) (Computer Software); 903 (Information Science)

(COMPUTERS & DATA PROCESSING); 90 (GENERAL ENGINEERING)

723

(Item 4 from file: 8) DIALOG(R) File 8:Ei Compendex(R) (c) 2005 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv. E.I. No: EIP97043627828 Title: Selection of passages for information reduction Author: Daniels, Jody J. Corporate Source: Univ of Massachusetts, Amherst, MA, USA Conference Title: Proceedings of the 1996 13th National Conference on Artificial Intelligence. Part 2 (of 2) OR, USA Conference Location: Portland. Conference 19960804-19960808 Sponsor: AAAI E.I. Conference No.: 46255 Source: Proceedings of the National Conference on Artificial Intelligence v 2 1996. AAAI, Menlo Park, CA, USA. p 1360 Publication Year: 1996 CODEN: PNAIEE Language: English Document Type: CA; (Conference Article) Treatment: G; (General Review) Journal Announcement: 9706W2 Abstract: Selection of Passages for Information REduction (SPIRE) integrates a case based reasoning with an information retrieval (IR) engine for automated information extraction . SPIRE works by focusing on portions of a text most likely to contain the desired informations . This case-based reasoning (CBR) system generates an IR query by passing the identifiers of the documents, describing fact situations most similar to the current problem, to an IR engine. Using these annotations, the IR component generates a new query aimed at retrieving small relevant passages from the documents. The location and display of these important passages reduces reading and results in a tremendous savings in time and effort. 1 Refs. Descriptors: \*Informatio n retrieval systems; Information technology ; Inference engines; Query languages; Knowledge based systems; Knowledge representation Identifiers: Selection of passages for information reduction (SPIRE); Case based reasoning (CBR) systems; Automated information extraction Classification Codes: 723.4.1 (Expert Systems) 903.3 (Information Retrieval & Use); 723.5 (Computer Applications); 723.4 (Artificial Intelligence); 723.3 (Database Systems) (Information Science); 723 (Computer Software)

90 (GENERAL ENGINEERING); 72 (COMPUTERS & DATA PROCESSING)

(Item 9 from file: 2) 27/5/16

DIALOG(R)File 2:INSPEC

(c) 2005 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv.

INSPEC Abstract Number: C72023814

Title: Data processor Assignee(s): RCA Corp

Patent Number: GB 1280772 Application Date: 700121 Issue Date: 720705

Priority Appl. Number: US 793043 Priority Appl. Date: 690122

Country of Publication: UK

Language: English Document Type: Patent (PT)

Treatment: Practical (P)

Abstract: The processor includes a buffer memory each addressable location of which stores data and an identifier segment. The memory address generator provides a locator segment identifying a memory location and a tag segment, the address selector responds to the address locator segment only to extract the data and identifier segment from the corresponding memory location, and this identifier segment is compared with the address tag segment to enable gates transferring the data to a computer when equality is found.

Subfile: C

Descriptors: data handling; digital computers; digital storage Identifiers: data processor; buffer memory; addressable location; identifier segment; memory address generator; locator segment; tag segment

; address selector; identifier segment; address tag segment; gates; equality

Class Codes: C6130 (Data handling techniques)

27/5/17 (Item 10 from file: 2)

DIALOG(R) File 2: INSPEC

(c) 2005 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv.

00113897 INSPEC Abstract Number: C70005997

Title: Keyword-in-context index for technical literature (KWIC index)

Author(s): Luhn, H.P.

Book Title: Pioneer of **information** science, **selected** works p. 227-35

Editor(s): Schultz, C.K.

Publisher: Macmillan, London, UK

Publication Date: 1969 Country of Publication: UK 3+320 pp.

Language: English Document Type: Book Chapter (BC)

Abstract: A distinction is made between bibliographical indexes for new and past literature based on the willingness of the user to trade perfection for currency. Indexes giving keywords in their context are proposed as suitable for disseminating new information. These can be entirely machine-generated and hence kept up to date with the current literature. A compatible coding scheme to identify the indexed documents is also proposed. In it elements are automatically extracted from the usual identifiers of the document so that the coded identifier yields a maximum of information while remaining susceptible to normal methods of ordering. (First published 1959).

Subfile: C

Descriptors: indexing

Class Codes: C7240 (Information analysis and indexing)

(Item 2 from file: 94) 27/5/19 DIALOG(R) File 94: JICST-EPlus (c) 2005 Japan Science and Tech Corp(JST). All rts. reserv. JICST ACCESSION NUMBER: 98A0311571 FILE SEGMENT: JICST-E Car number recognition technology for vehicle identification. From "kilo" to "minute", traffic jam information. KANEYAMA KENJI (1) (1) Omron Corp. Gazo Rabo, 1998, VOL.9, NO.3, PAGE.18-22, FIG.6, REF.6 JOURNAL NUMBER: L2340AAI ISSN NO: 0915-6755 UNIVERSAL DECIMAL CLASSIFICATION: 681.3:165 656.1.05 COUNTRY OF PUBLICATION: Japan LANGUAGE: Japanese DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal ARTICLE TYPE: Commentary MEDIA TYPE: Printed Publication ABSTRACT: The method if recognizing a license number is the most effective system for identifying a car sine a license plate substantially assures uniqueness. This paper introduces the recent trend by focusing on concrete examples applied to license number recognition technique and the vehicle control field. This paper describes the issues and the future trends of license number recognition technique, recognition algorith, examples applied to license number information , and license number recognition . DESCRIPTORS: traffic control; character recognition; numerical character; imaging; image processing; edge detection; feature extraction ; discriminant function; real time processing; automobile; automotive BROADER DESCRIPTORS: traffic management; management; control; figure pattern recognition; pattern recognition; recognition; letter; information processing; treatment; detection; **extraction**; separation; function (mathematics); mapping (mathematics) CLASSIFICATION CODE(S): JE07000S; TB01032S

(Item 8 from file: 8) 34/5/8 DIALOG(R) File 8:Ei Compendex(R) (c) 2005 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv.

E.I. Monthly No: EIM8606-035415

Title: MATCHING STRING PATTERNS IN LARGE TEXTUAL FILES.

Author: Berkovich, Simon Y.; Hegazy, Abd El Fatah A.

Corporate Source: George Washington Univ, Washington, DC, USA

Conference Title: International Symposium on New Directions in Computing.

Conference Location: Trondheim, Norw Conference Date: 19850812 Sponsor: IEEE Computer Soc, Los Alamitos, CA, USA; Norwegian Inst of Technology, Trondheim, Norw; Kongsberg Vaepenfabrikk, Norw

E.I. Conference No.: 07877

Source: Publ by IEEE, New York, NY, USA. Available from IEEE Service Cent (Cat n 85CH2134-5), Piscataway, NJ, USA p 122-127

Publication Year: 1985

ISBN: 0-8186-0639-8 Language: English

Document Type: PA; (Conference Paper)

Journal Announcement: 8606

Abstract: The authors present a general approach that could be efficient when searching large textual files for near-matching of a set of patterns. The approach is based on a mapping of string segments into key-number values. To apply the terms of query against text strings in a single pass simultaneously, the input set of patterns is arranged in a hash table. The tolerance property of hash collisions and pattern representation by segment extraction can be used to detect different classes of string variations. 12 refs.

Descriptors: \*DATABASE SYSTEMS; DATA PROCESSING--File Organization Identifiers: STRING PATTERN MATCHING; LARGE TEXTUAL FILES; DATABASE SEARCHING; HASH TABLES

Classification Codes:

723 (Computer Software)

72 (COMPUTERS & DATA PROCESSING)

(Item 1 from file: 2) 34/5/15 DIALOG(R)File 2:INSPEC (c) 2005 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv. INSPEC Abstract Number: C2001-01-6180N-017 Title: Probability-based Chinese text processing and retrieval Author(s): Hiangji Huang; Robertson, S.; Cercone, N.; An, A. Author Affiliation: Dept. of Inf. Sci., City Univ., London, UK Journal: Computational Intelligence vol.16, no.4 Publisher: Blackwell Publishers, Publication Date: Nov. 2000 Country of Publication: USA CODEN: COMIE6 ISSN: 0824-7935 SICI: 0824-7935 (200011) 16:4L.552: PBCT; 1-7 Material Identity Number: P953-2000-004 Language: English Document Type: Journal Paper (JP) Treatment: Theoretical (T) Abstract: We discuss the use of probability-based natural language processing for Chinese **text retrieval**. We focus on comparing different extraction methods and probabilistic weighting methods. Several processing methods and probabilistic weighting functions are presented. A number of experiments have been conducted on large standard text collections. We present the experimental results that compare a word-based text processing method with a character-based method. The experimental results also compare a number of term-weighting functions including both single-unit weighting and compound-unit weighting functions. (15 Refs) Subfile: C Descriptors: information retrieval; natural languages; text analysis Identifiers: Chinese text processing; natural language processing; Chinese text retrieval; text **extraction**; probabilistic weighting Class Codes: C6180N (Natural language processing); C4210L (Formal languages and computational linguistics); C7250 (Information storage and retrieval) Copyright 2000, IEE

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             OR DRAG (N) DROP?
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                SELECT? OR CHOOS? OR SEARCH? OR QUER? OR SEEK? OR FIND? OR
             RETRIEV? OR MATCH?
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             NFORMATION? OR DATA OR PATENT? () APPLICATION?
S6
          627
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          153
           85
                 S8 AND IC=G06F
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                 S9 NOT AD=20001121:20031121
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                S10 NOT AD=20031121:20050701
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S11
S12
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                S1 (3N) S5
           23
                S11 AND S12
S13
                 IDPAT (sorted in duplicate/non-duplicate order)
S14
           23
                IDPAT (primary/non-duplicate records only)
S15
           22
File 347: JAPIO Nov 1976-2005/Jan (Updated 050506)
(c) 2005 JPO & JAPIO
File 350:Derwent WPIX 1963-2005/UD,UM &UP=200535
         (c) 2005 Thomson Derwent
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(Item 6 from file: 350) 15/5/6 DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv. 012642683 \*\*Image available\*\* WPI Acc No: 1999-448788/199938 XRPX Acc No: N99-335274 Data file request processing system for client server network selects specific starting method among several registered methods, in response to data file request Patent Assignee: FUJI XEROX CO LTD (XERF ) Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001 Patent Family: Kind Date Applicat No Kind Patent No Date Week 199938 B 19990709 JP 97352612 19971222 JP 11184813 Α Α Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 97352612 A 19971222 Patent Details: Main IPC Patent No Kind Lan Pg Filing Notes JP 11184813 A 34 G06F-015/00 Abstract (Basic): JP 11184813 A NOVELTY - A file name analyzer (202) extracts method identifier and group identifier, from qualified name. A client management table registers identifier of one or more clients, corresponding to group identifier of client. A starting method is selected among several registered methods, in response to data file request. DETAILED DESCRIPTION - A specific execution method is identified within one or more methods to be started in the server. The server extracts the data file name within the request received from client. USE - For client-server network. ADVANTAGE - The information relating to data updation, is delivered to each client appropriately even under heavy sharing condition. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows block diagram of data communication system. (202) Analyzer. Dwg.2/21 Title Terms: DATA ; FILE; REQUEST; PROCESS; SYSTEM; CLIENT; SERVE; NETWORK SELECT; SPECIFIC; START; METHOD; REGISTER; METHOD; RESPOND; DATA; FILE; REQUEST Derwent Class: T01 International Patent Class (Main): G06F-015/00 International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-012/00; G06F-013/00

15/5/7 (Item 7 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

012575074 \*\*Image available\*\*
WPI Acc No: 1999-381181/199932

XRPX Acc No: N99-285924

Search information display method in hypermedia system - involves searching data outputs and extracting structure identifier and displaying search result to client

Patent Assignee: NEC CORP (NIDE )

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 002

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week JP 11149479 19990602 Α JP 97315256 Α 19971117 199932 B JP 2965018 B2 19991018 JP 97315256 19971117 Α 199949

Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 97315256 A 19971117

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

JP 11149479 A 7 G06F-017/30

JP 2965018 B2 7 G06F-017/30 Previous Publ. patent JP 11149479

Abstract (Basic): JP 11149479 A

NOVELTY - A structure name corresponds to each structure identifier and for each attribute registered mutual relationship between node and link of each structure identifier is shown to hierarchical structure. The search result is obtained by the directory server searching data outputs and the structure identifier is extracted and is displayed to client. DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for search information display apparatus.

USE - For displaying search information0 in hypermedia system.

ADVANTAGE - As search result is obtained by the server searching
data outputs and extracts structure identifier and required
information can be selected easily. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The
figure shows the block diagram of search media of a directory server.

Dwg.1/8

Title Terms: SEARCH; INFORMATION; DISPLAY; METHOD; SYSTEM; SEARCH; DATA; OUTPUT; EXTRACT; STRUCTURE; IDENTIFY; DISPLAY; SEARCH; RESULT; CLIENT

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/30

International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-012/00; G06F-013/00

(Item 8 from file: 350) 15/5/8 DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv. \*\*Image available\*\* 012498399 WPI Acc No: 1999-304503/199926 Related WPI Acc No: 1994-185223; 1999-304502 XRPX Acc No: N99-228250 Server for connecting clients and output units connected to server in computer system Patent Assignee: MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC IND CO LTD (MATU ) Inventor: OHNISHI T; OINUMA C; WADA H Number of Countries: 003 Number of Patents: 003 Patent Family: Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week EP 918283 EP 93309919 19931209 199926 B A2 19990526 Α EP 99104122 Α 19931209 EP 918283 В1 20030219 EP 93309919 19931209 200314 EP 99104122 Α 19931209 DE 69332703 Е 20030327 DE 632703 Α . 19931209 200329 EP 99104122 Α 19931209 Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 93267450 A 19931026; JP 92330573 A 19921210; JP 9386235 A 19930413; JP 93268132 A 19930929 Patent Details: Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes A2 E 86 G06F-009/46 Div ex application EP 93309919 EP 918283 Div ex patent EP 601860 Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB G06F-009/46 EP 918283 B1 E Div ex application EP 93309919 Div ex patent EP 601860 Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB DE 69332703 G06F-009/46 E Based on patent EP 918283 Abstract (Basic): EP 918283 A2 NOVELTY - The server involves data which is included in a job request, and an output unit selecting portion. The output selecting portion includes a capability storage unit for storing a capability at each output unit in the system; a capability identifier extracting unit for extracting an identifier specifying a capability of the selected output unit from the job request; and an optimal output unit detecting unit for detecting all optimal output units whose capabilities coincide with a capability specified by the capability-specifying- identifier when the output unit portion selects the output units to be as the selected output unit. DETAILED DESCRIPTION - The server involves a holding unit for

holding output unit information that represents correspondence between the output units and the output information ; a job request receiving portion for receiving from one of the clients a job request containing output information and an information extracting portion for extracting the output information from the job request; an output unit selecting unit for selecting one of the output units in accordance with the extracted output information; and data output portion for sending data to the selected output unit.

USE - For connecting clients and output units e.g. printer, plotter or facsimile connected to the server in a system, with clients issuing job requests containing output information .

ADVANTAGE - Can easily select adequate output unit for job request, even when client has no prior knowledge of any output unit connected to that server. Ensures rational use of output units by judging their current status and selecting the most appropriate one.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The drawing shows a diagram to illustrate the server.

pp; 86 DwgNo 1/56 Title Terms: SERVE; CONNECT; CLIENT; OUTPUT; UNIT; CONNECT; SERVE; COMPUTER

; SYSTEM

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-009/46

International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-003/12; H04L-029/06

15/5/11 (Item 11 from file: 350) DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX (c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv. 012260254 \*\*Image available\*\* WPI Acc No: 1999-066360/199906 XRPX Acc No: N99-049621 Information classification judging method in information providing system connected to network - involves assigning temporary information classification to be true classification, if information classification with specific pattern is not obtained from information file Patent Assignee: NIPPON TELEGRAPH & TELEPHONE CORP (NITE ) Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 002 Patent Family: Applicat No Kind Patent No Date Kind Date Week JP 10312326 19981124 JP 97122405 19970513 199906 B A Α B2 20030818 JP 97122405 JP 3437739 Α 19970513 200356 Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 97122405 A 19970513 Patent Details: Patent No Kind Lan Pq Main IPC Filing Notes JP 10312326 A 4 G06F-012/00 B2 4 G06F-012/00 Previous Publ. patent JP 10312326 JP 3437739 Abstract (Basic): JP 10312326 A The method involves extracting a fixed portion from an input identifier . A temporary information classification is obtained from an information file (17) based on the extracted fixed portion using an information classification correspondence unit (13). A contents identification unit (14) identifies whether a specific pattern is provided in a predetermined area of the information file, which is extracted based on the identifier . A true information classification is obtained by executing the information file as a script using a script executing unit (15). When the information classification with the specific pattern is not obtained, the temporary classification is assigned to be the true information classification of the information file. ADVANTAGE - Performs dynamic selection of information classification by script execution. Offers correct information classification. Dwq.2/3 Title Terms: INFORMATION; CLASSIFY; JUDGEMENT; METHOD; INFORMATION; SYSTEM; CONNECT; NETWORK; ASSIGN; TEMPORARY; INFORMATION; CLASSIFY; TRUE; CLASSIFY; INFORMATION; CLASSIFY; SPECIFIC; PATTERN; OBTAIN; INFORMATION ; FILE Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-009/06; G06F-009/445

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-012/00

(Item 13 from file: 350) 15/5/13 DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv. 011651090 \*\*Image available\*\* WPI Acc No: 1998-067998/199807 XRPX Acc No: N98-053806 Relational data base management method with document function - involves extracting first and second record identifier from document number and attribute value of search request signal based on which document data from data base is searched based on which document data from data base is searched
Patent Assignee: HITACHI LTD (HITA ); HITACHI SOFTWARE ENG CO LTD (HISF ) Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001 Patent Family: Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week JP 9305622 A 19971128 JP 96117311 Α 19960513 Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 96117311 A 19960513 Patent Details: Patent No Kind Lan Pq Main IPC Filing Notes 15 G06F-017/30 JP 9305622 Α Abstract (Basic): JP 9305622 A The method involves receiving data searching request signal which contain the document number in the keyword, from an input unit (1). Based on the received request signal, the first record identifier for the data to be searched is extracted . The second record identifier from the attribute data included in the conditional expression of the **searched** request signal is **extracted**.

Based on the **extracted** first and second record **identifier**, the document corresponding to the selected data record is extracted from a data base. ADVANTAGE - Improves efficiency of data searching process. Enables easy identification of record identifier from search request signal. Dwg.3/14 Title Terms: RELATED; DATA; BASE; MANAGEMENT; METHOD; DOCUMENT; SEARCH

; FUNCTION; EXTRACT; FIRST; SECOND; RECORD; IDENTIFY; DOCUMENT; NUMBER; ATTRIBUTE; VALUE; SEARCH; REQUEST; SIGNAL; BASED; DOCUMENT;

DATA ; DATA ; BASE; SEARCH

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/30

Derwent Class: T01

15/5/18 (Item 18 from file: 347)

DIALOG(R) File 347: JAPIO

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\*\*Image available\*\* PROCESSOR AND METHOD FOR DOCUMENT PROCESSING

09-212514 [JP 9212514 A] August 15, 1997 (19970815) PUB. NO.:

PUBLISHED: INVENTOR(s): IMASATO SHIYOU

APPLICANT(s): RICOH CO LTD [000674] (A Japanese Company or Corporation), JP

(Japan)

08-015432 [JP 9615432] APPL. NO.: FILED: January 31, 1996 (19960131)

INTL CLASS: [6] **G06F-017/30**; G06T-001/00; G06K-009/20

JAPIO CLASS:

45.4 ( INFORMATION PROCESSING -- Computer Applications); 45.3 ( INFORMATION PROCESSING -- Input Output Units); 45.9 (

INFORMATION PROCESSING -- Other

JAPIO KEYWORD: R131 ( INFORMATION PROCESSING -- Microcomputers &

Microprocessers

#### **ABSTRACT**

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To extract an adequate part as a document element from a document image and give a proper identifier by extracting document elements from the document image, line by line.

SOLUTION: When an area extracting means 17 extracts plural partial areas from the document image and a feature extracting means 18 extracts features from the extracted partial areas, an area array means 19 arrays the partial areas in order according to the features at the extraction positions. An area dividing means 20 divides the respective arrayed partial areas as line areas, line by line, and a matching decision means 21 assigns the divided line areas to document elements set in a document element dictionary 15 according to the matching of the features. Thus, line areas assigned repeatedly to plural document elements among the line areas which are assigned to document areas are selected by an element extracting means 22 according to the mutual position relation.

15/5/21 (Item 21 from file: 347)
DIALOG(R)File 347:JAPIO
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03342966 \*\*Image available\*\*
ON-LINE PROGRAM CONTROL SYSTEM

PUB. NO.: 03-005866 [JP 3005866 A] PUBLISHED: January 11, 1991 (19910111)

INVENTOR(s): TSUDA YASUHIRO

APPLICANT(s): NEC SOFTWARE KANSAI LTD [490843] (A Japanese Company or

Corporation), JP (Japan)

APPL. NO.: 01-140372 [JP 89140372] FILED: June 01, 1989 (19890601)

INTL CLASS: [5] G06F-015/00

JAPIO CLASS: 45.4 ( INFORMATION PROCESSING -- Computer Applications JOURNAL: Section: P, Section No. 1181, Vol. 15, No. 115, Pg. 166,

March 19, 1991 (19910319)

#### ABSTRACT

PURPOSE: To simplify a program and to improve program generating efficiency by executing the different program by the same message **identifier** when a reception message with the message **identifier** is received from terminal equipment provided with a terminal address.

CONSTITUTION: An execution program is **selected** by storing **information** for **extracting** the message **identifier** of the reception message 3 from the terminal equipment 1 in a message **identifier extracting** table 30, in addition generating the combination of the terminal address and the message **identifier** and the name of the execution program corresponding to it in an execution program determining table 40 and storing these two tables 30, 40. Accordingly, even in the case where the messages with the same message **identifier** are received from plural terminal equipment 1, the different programs corresponding to the respective terminal equipments 1 can be executed. Thus, the program becomes simple, and the program generating efficiency is improved.

```
PARS? OR TOKEN? OR MAP OR MAPPING OR MAPPED OR SEGREGAT? OR
       620682
S1
               (FILTER OR PULL) () OUT OR EXTRACT?
                IDENTIFIER? OR ID(N) (NUMBER OR TAG) OR PATENT() NUMBER? OR -
S2
        41612
             UPC OR PRODUCT(N) (NUMBER? OR CODE?) OR UPN OR URN OR DOI
                CUT (N) PASTE? OR PASTING OR SELECT? OR HIGHLIGHT? OR DROP? -
S3
      1974116
             OR DRAG(N) DROP?
      2131005
                SELECT? OR CHOOS? OR SEARCH? OR QUER? OR SEEK? OR FIND? OR
S4
             RETRIEV? OR MATCH?
                DOCUMENT? OR TEXT? OR PAGE? OR PUBLICATION? OR PAPER? OR I-
      3977817
S5
             NFORMATION? OR DATA OR PATENT? () APPLICATION?
                S1 AND S2 AND S3 AND S4 AND S5
S6
          627
S7
         1029
                S1(3N)S2
          153
                S6 AND S7
S8
                S8 AND IC=G06F
S9
           85
                S9 NOT AD=20001121:20031121
S10
           55
                S10 NOT AD=20031121:20050701
S11
           55
        91006
S12
                S1(3N)S5
S13
           23
                S11 AND S12
           23
S14
                IDPAT (sorted in duplicate/non-duplicate order)
                IDPAT (primary/non-duplicate records only)
S15
           22
S16
         8243
                S3 (3N) (QUERY OR QUERIES OR REQUEST OR QUESTION? OR REQUESTS
              OR TEXT? OR INQUIR?)
                S6 AND S16
S17
           20
        24997
                S5 (N) (NUMBER? OR ID OR IDENTIFIER? OR IDS)
S18
                S6 (N) S2
S19
          627
                S18 AND S6
S20
           47
S21
           62
                 (S17 OR S20) NOT S11
                S21 AND IC=G06F
S22
           41
S23
           24
                S22 NOT AD=20001121:20031121
                S23 NOT AD=20031121:20050707
           23
S24
                IDPAT (sorted in duplicate/non-duplicate order)
S25
           23
                IDPAT (primary/non-duplicate records only)
S26
           22
File 347: JAPIO Nov 1976-2005/Jan (Updated 050506)
         (c) 2005 JPO & JAPIO
File 350:Derwent WPIX 1963-2005/UD,UM &UP=200535
         (c) 2005 Thomson Derwent
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Items

Set

Description

(Item 3 from file: 350) 26/5/3 DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv. 013010930 \*\*Image available\*\* WPI Acc No: 2000-182782/200016 Related WPI Acc No: 2000-182783; 2001-439995; 2003-196789; 2003-391179; 2003-465760 XRPX Acc No: N00-134748 Distributed computer database system information retrieval using fuzzy queries for classifying blood vessels lesions and tumors by retrieval using accessing hash table for obtaining object identifiers from it Patent Assignee: JARG CORP (JARG-N) Inventor: BACLAWSKI K P Number of Countries: 027 Number of Patents: 006 Patent Family: Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date 20000203 WO 200005663 WO 99US16925 19990723 200016 A2 Α AU 9954602 AU 9954602 Α 20000214 Α 19990723 200029 EP 1025518 A2 20000809 EP 99940823 Α 19990723 200039 WO 99US16925 Α 19990723 20020716 WO 99US16925 JP 2002521752 W Α 19990723 200261 JP 2000561571 Α 19990723 19980724 US 6463433 B1 20021008 US 9894110 Ρ 200269 US 9894347 Ρ 19980728 A . 19990723 WO 99US16925 US 2000509328 Α 20000323 CN 1514976 Α 20040721 CN 99801676 Α 19990723 200468 Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 9894347 P 19980728; US 9894110 P 19980724; US 2000509328 A 20000323 Patent Details: Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes WO 200005663 A2 E 52 G06F-017/30 Designated States (National): AU CA CN ID IL JP MX US Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE AU 9954602 G06F-017/30 Based on patent WO 200005663 Based on patent WO 200005663 A2 E G06F-017/30 EP 1025518 Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LU MC NL PT SE JP 2002521752 W 60 G06F-017/30 Based on patent WO 200005663 US 6463433 B1 G06F-017/30 Provisional application US 9894110 Provisional application US 9894347 Based on patent WO 200005663 CN 1514976 G06F-017/30 Abstract (Basic): WO 200005663 A2 NOVELTY - A number of features is extracted from query , while

NOVELTY - A number of features is **extracted** from **query**, while each of the features is fragmented into feature fragments each of which is hashed into hashed feature fragments. The latter can be used in accessing a hash table for obtaining object **identifiers** from it that can be used for obtaining **information** from the database relevant to the **query**.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - The method involves.

- (a) selecting a first one of a number of home nodes;
- (b) extracting , by the selected home node, a number of features from a query by a user;
- (c) fragmenting, by the selected home node, each extracted feature of the number of extracted features into a number of query fragments;
- (d) hashing, by the selected home node, each query fragment of the number of query fragments, the hashed query fragment having a first portion and a second portion;
- (e) transmitting, by the selected home node, each hashed query fragment of the number of query fragments to a respective one of the

number of query nodes indicated by the first portion of each the

- hashed query fragment;
  (f) using, by the query node, the second portion of the respective hash query fragment to access data according to a local
- hash table located on the query node; and
  (g) returning, by each query node accessing data according to the respective hashed query fragment, a number of object identifiers corresponding to the accessed data to the selected home node. INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are included for:

(a) a distributed computer database system having an information retrieval tool for handling queries from a user

- (b) an information retrieval apparatus for processing query for word based and non-word based retrieval of information from database
- (c) a computer program for processing **query** for word based and non-word based **retrieval** of **information** from a database
- (d) an information indexing system for indexing information for facilitating retrieval from database
- (e) a computer program for indexing information for facilitating retrieval from database

USE - In distributed computer database.

ADVANTAGE - Provides an information retrieval system that can information from a unified database of word and non-word based information, including documents, images and other forms of multimedia, using a single indexing system. Such informationretrieval systems preferably may be highly scalable, versatile, robust

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The drawing is a block diagram of an embodiment of the present invention.

user computer (102) link (103) home nodes (106) local area network (108) query nodes (109) object nodes (110) external servers (111) pp; 52 DwgNo 1/8

Title Terms: DISTRIBUTE; COMPUTER; DATABASE; SYSTEM; INFORMATION; RETRIEVAL; FUZZ; QUERY; CLASSIFY; BLOOD; VESSEL; LESION; TUMOUR; ACCESS; HASH; TABLE; OBTAIN; OBJECT; IDENTIFY

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/30

International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-012/00

26/5/4 (Item 4 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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012701993 \*\*Image available\*\*
WPI Acc No: 1999-508104/199942
Related WPI Acc No: 2001-181207

XRPX Acc No: N99-378652

Message faxing method for directory services over internet

Patent Assignee: ZIP2 CORP (ZIPT-N)
Inventor: FITZGERALD M J; MUSK E

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week US 5944769 A 19990831 US 96745868 A 19961108 199942 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 96745868 A 19961108

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

US 5944769 A 10 G06F-013/38

Abstract (Basic): US 5944769 A

NOVELTY - A map and an indicator on the map are displayed after receiving information from server. Direction from starting location given as input is displayed on selected location. A facsimile icon using facsimile number is selected from database for faxing message to selected location.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - A business name and corresponding location stored in database satisfying user **query** is **selected** from business name which are received from server and displayed. The facsimile number is stored in database corresponding to the business names and locations. A business **identifier** which is business icon is stored in database corresponding to several business names and is displayed. An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for the systems for communicating over a network.

USE - For providing directory services over internet.

ADVANTAGE - Since business directory and map database are integrated, the user has facility of searching business directory using map database with the radius feature to quantify the search and obtains directions from specified user location to a selected search result by single website access.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the flowchart for interactions between client and server for  ${\tt search}$  and  ${\tt map}$  generation.

pp; 10 DwgNo 3/8

Title Terms: MESSAGE; METHOD; DIRECTORY; SERVICE

Derwent Class: S02; T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-013/38

International Patent Class (Additional): G01C-021/00; G06F-017/30

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(Item 13 from file: 350)
26/5/13
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
009416252
             **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 1993-109764/199314
XRPX Acc No: N93-083652
   Data processing system with random access rendering of electronic
  documents - uses descriptive mark-up elements, each defining node or
  element of tree structure for document, and provides unique identifier
   for each element to facilitate text handling
Patent Assignee: DEROSE S (DERO-I); ELECTRONIC BOOK TECHNOLOGIES INC
  (ELBO-N); INSO PROVIDENCE CORP (INSO-N); ENIGMA INFORMATION SYSTEMS LTD
Inventor: DEROSE S; VOGEL J
Number of Countries: 002 Number of Patents: 008
Patent Family:
                                             Kind
Patent No
              Kind
                     Date
                              Applicat No
                                                     Date
                                                              Week
                              CA 2048039
CA 2048039
                   19930120
                                                   19910729
                                                             199314
               Α
                                              Α
                                                                     В
US 5557722
               Α
                   19960917
                              US 91733204
                                              Α
                                                   19910719
                                                             199643
                              US 95419051
                                                   19950407
                                              Α
US 5644776
                   19970701
                              US 91733204
                                              Α
                                                   19910719
                                                             199732
                              US 95419051
                                                   19950407
                                              Α
                              US 95480611
                                              Α
                                                   19950607
US 5708806
               Α
                   19980113
                              US 91733204
                                              Α
                                                   19910719
                                                             199809
                              US 95419051
                                                   19950407
                                              Α
                              US 95488547
                                              Α
                                                   19950607
US 5983248
               Α
                   19991109
                              US 91733204
                                                   19910719
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                                              Α
                                                   19950407
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                              US 97885578
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US 6101511
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                   20000808
                              US 91733204
                                              Α
                                                   19910719
                                                             200040
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                                                   19950407
                              US 95480611
                                                   19950607
                                              Α
                              US 97885578
                                              Α
                                                   19970630
                              US 99352588
                                              Α
                                                   19990713
US 6101512
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                              US 91733204
               Α
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                                                   19910719
                                                             200040
                              US 95419051
                                              Α
                                                   19950407
                              US 95480611
                                                   19950607
                                              Α
                              US 97885578
                                              Α
                                                   19970630
                              US 99353257
                                              Α
                                                   19990713
US 6105044
                   20000815
                              US 91733204
                                              Α
                                                   19910719
                                                             200041
                              US 95419051
                                              Α
                                                   19950407
                              US 95480611
                                                   19950607
                                              Α
                              US 97885578
                                              Α
                                                   19970630
                              US 99353262
                                              Α
                                                   19990713
Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 91733204 A 19910719; US 95419051 A
  19950407; US 95480611 A 19950607; US 95488547 A 19950607; US 97885578 A
  19970630; US 99352588 A 19990713; US 99353257 A 19990713; US 99353262 A
  19990713
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                         Main IPC
                                      Filing Notes
                    96 G06F-009/00
CA 2048039
              Α
US 5557722
              Α
                    39 G06F-017/21
                                      Cont of application US 91733204
US 5644776
              Α
                    37 G06F-017/21
                                      Cont of application US 91733204
                                      Div ex application US 95419051
                                      Div ex patent US 5557722
US 5708806
                    39 G06F-017/21
              Α
                                      Cont of application US 91733204
                                      Div ex application US 95419051
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US 5983248

US 6101511

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G06F-017/21

G06F-017/21

Cont of application US 91733204 Div ex application US 95419051 Cont of application US 95480611

Cont of application US 91733204

Div ex patent US 5557722 Cont of patent US 5644776

Div ex application US 95419051 Cont of application US 95480611 Div ex application US 97885578 Div ex patent US 5557722 Cont of patent US 5644776 Div ex patent US 5983248 Cont of application US 91733204 US 6101512 G06F-017/21 Α Div ex application US 95419051 Cont of application US 95480611 Div ex application US 97885578 Div ex patent US 5557722 Cont of patent US 5644776 Div ex patent US 5983248 G06F-017/21 US 6105044 Α Cont of application US 91733204 Div ex application US 95419051 Cont of application US 95480611 Div ex application US 97885578 Div ex patent US 5557722 Cont of patent US 5644776 Div ex patent US 5983248

#### Abstract (Basic): CA 2048039 A

The data processing system represents an electronic document, which has descriptive mark-up defining a number of hierarchical mark-up elements, each element having a type name and may have at least one of a parent element, a child element, a left sibling element, a right sibling element, text content and a type name. The data processing system includes storage which holds a value indicative of any parent element for each mark-up element and storage for a value indicative of at least the first child element for each mark-up element having a child element.

Additional storage is respectively provided at a value indicative of at least one sibling element. The **document text**, and a value indicating the **text** storage location. A **parsing** device provides a sequence of **parsing** events including element and **text** events corresp. to mark-up and **text** content respectively, with each event being assigned an **identifier**.

being assigned an identifier.

USE/ADVANTAGE - for rendering and indexing of electronic books.

Creates text separate from formatting properties. Allows selective re-formatting of parts of document. Provides immediate document display.

Dwg.8/22

Title Terms: DATA; PROCESS; SYSTEM; RANDOM; ACCESS; RENDER; ELECTRONIC; DOCUMENT; DESCRIBE; MARK; UP; ELEMENT; DEFINE; NODE; ELEMENT; TREE; STRUCTURE; DOCUMENT; UNIQUE; IDENTIFY; ELEMENT; FACILITATE; TEXT; HANDLE

Index Terms/Additional Words: DOCU MENT\_FOR MATTING\_ INDE XING\_RET;
FORMATTING; INDEXING; RETRIEVAL

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-009/00; G06F-017/21

26/5/19 (Item 19 from file: 347) DIALOG(R) File 347: JAPIO

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05505579

SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR SUPPORTING DEVELOPMENT

09-120379 [JP 9120379 A] PUB. NO.: PUBLISHED: May 06, 1997 (19970506)

INVENTOR(s): MAKITA HIROSHI

MATSUZAKI YOSHIE SUZUKI HIDEAKI KISHIKAWA ROBERUTO KITAZAWA HIROSHI IZUSHI MINETOSHI

APPLICANT(s): HITACHI LTD [000510] (A Japanese Company or Corporation), JP

(Japan)

APPL. NO.: 07-275892 [JP 95275892] FILED: October 24, 1995 (19951024)

INTL CLASS: [6] G06F-013/00; H04L-012/54; H04L-012/58

45.2 ( INFORMATION PROCESSING -- Memory Units); 44.3 JAPIO CLASS:

(COMMUNICATION -- Telegraphy

#### **ABSTRACT**

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To automatically extract information , needed to solve a problem written in an electronic mail, from stored information and display it by selecting the electronic mail.

SOLUTION: When the input of a test data display indication is received, test data on a measurement item predetermined corresponding to the problem contents that a selected problem communication mail includes are extracted from the test data group that the data identifier included in the mail identifier of the selected problem communication mail and then displayed. Further, a display of instance data is requested, and a problem communication mail and a problem countermeasure mail including the problem contents of the **selected** communication mail are **extracted** from stored problem communication mails and problem countermeasure mails and the displayed.

26/5/20 (Item 20 from file: 347)
DIALOG(R)File 347:JAPIO
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05317317 \*\*Image available\*\*
INFORMATION RETRIEVAL SYSTEM

PUB. NO.: 08-272817 [JP 8272817 A] PUBLISHED: October 18, 1996 (19961018)

INVENTOR(s): NAKAMOTO SHINYA

APPLICANT(s): NIPPON STEEL CORP [000665] (A Japanese Company or

Corporation), JP (Japan)

APPL. NO.: 07-077840 [JP 9577840] FILED: April 03, 1995 (19950403)

INTL CLASS: [6] G06F-017/30

JAPIO CLASS: 45.4 ( INFORMATION PROCESSING -- Computer Applications

#### ABSTRACT

PURPOSE: To **retrieve** an object just by referring to a storage means and to efficiently perform **retrieval** in a short time by **extracting** partial **information** for respective recording media, working it and storing it in the storage means.

CONSTITUTION: A location information data base 22 stores information for indicating which DC-ROMs 10 and the respective objects are stored in. A retrieval part 33 retrieves a data base 21 for the retrieval based on a retrieval command and a retrieval formula inputted from an input device 15 and obtains the document ID number of the object for satisfying the conditions of the retrieval formula. Further, the location information data base 22 is referred to and which CD-ROM 10 the object for satisfying the conditions of the retrieval formula is stored in is retrieved. A selection part 34 selects the object based on the information for indicating which DC-ROM 10 the object is stored in along with the document ID number of the object from the retrieval part 38 and instructs a reader 13 to read the information of the object.

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Set
        Items
                Description
                PARS? OR TOKENI? OR MAP OR MAPPING OR MAPPED OR SEGREGAT? -
S1
      2272566
             OR (FILTER OR PULL) () OUT OR EXTRACT?
        46910
                IDENTIFIER? OR ID(N) (NUMBER OR TAG) OR PATENT() NUMBER? OR -
S2
             UPC OR PRODUCT(N) (NUMBER? OR CODE?) OR UPN OR URN OR DOI
                CUT(N) PASTE? OR PASTING OR SELECT? OR HIGHLIGHT? OR DROP? -
S3
      4066679
             OR DRAG(N) DROP?
                SELECT? OR CHOOS? OR SEARCH? OR QUER? OR SEEK? OR FIND? OR
S4
      7103946
             RETRIEV? OR MATCH?
                DOCUMENT? OR TEXT? OR PAGE? OR PUBLICATION? OR PAPER? OR I-
S5
     14625136
             NFORMATION? OR DATA OR PATENT? () APPLICATION?
                S1 AND S2 AND S3 AND S4 AND S5
S6
          139
S7
                S1(3N)S2
          148
                S6 AND S7
S8
           20
                S1(3N)S5
S9
       148141
S10
                S11 AND S12
S11
        21956
                S3(3N)(QUERY OR QUERIES OR REQUEST OR QUESTION? OR REQUESTS
              OR TEXT? OR INQUIR?)
         5781
S12
                S5(N) (NUMBER? OR ID OR IDENTIFIER? OR IDS)
S13
          139
                S6(N)S2
                MATCH? OR RECOGNI? OR IDENTIFY OR IDENTIFIES
S14
      2434941
S15
         1230
                S5 (2N) S2
S16
           32
                S6 AND S9
                S6 AND S11
S17
            2
           61
                S14 (5N) S12
S18
                S14(2N)(PATENT()(NO OR NUMBER OR ID OR IDENTIFIER?))
S19
           -5
           52
S20
                S8 OR S16 OR S17 OR S19
S21
           38
                RD (unique items)
                S21 NOT PY>2000
S22
           27
S23
           12
                S18 AND S1
                S18 AND S3
S24
            7
                S23 OR S24 OR S22
S25
           44
                RD (unique items)
S26
           39
                S26 NOT PY>2000
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           36
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Items
                Description
Set
                PARS? OR TOKENI? OR MAP OR MAPPING OR MAPPED OR SEGREGAT? -
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      2272566
             OR (FILTER OR PULL) () OUT OR EXTRACT?
                IDENTIFIER? OR ID(N) (NUMBER OR TAG) OR PATENT() NUMBER? OR -
S2
        46910
             UPC OR PRODUCT(N) (NUMBER? OR CODE?) OR UPN OR URN OR DOI
S3
      4066679
                CUT(N) PASTE? OR PASTING OR SELECT? OR HIGHLIGHT? OR DROP? -
             OR DRAG(N) DROP?
                SELECT? OR CHOOS? OR SEARCH? OR QUER? OR SEEK? OR FIND? OR
S4
      7103946
             RETRIEV? OR MATCH?
S5
     14625136
                DOCUMENT? OR TEXT? OR PAGE? OR PUBLICATION? OR PAPER? OR I-
             NFORMATION? OR DATA OR PATENT? () APPLICATION?
S6
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                S1 AND S2 AND S3 AND S4 AND S5
                S1(3N)S2
S7
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                S6 AND S7
S8
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                S1(3N)S5
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                S11 AND S12
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                S3(3N)(QUERY OR QUERIES OR REQUEST OR QUESTION? OR REQUESTS
              OR TEXT? OR INQUIR?)
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                S6(N)S2
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                MATCH? OR RECOGNI? OR IDENTIFY OR IDENTIFIES
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                S14 (5N) S12
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S20
                S8 OR S16 OR S17 OR S19
S21
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                RD (unique items)
                S21 NOT PY>2000
S22
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S23
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                S18 AND S1
            7
                S18 AND S3
S24
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                RD (unique items)
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#### **Resolving Ambiguous Parsing Rules**

Disclosed is a system which ensures the appropriate mapping of ambiguous address book fields for use by a synchronization program. This is accomplished by defining system default rules to either accommodate known exceptions or to inform the user of potential error situations.

Products such as ABS/2\* synchronize one address book with another, such as synchronizing a ccMail\*\* data base with a VM Callup data base. To prepare for the synchronization, the system administrator must define how the fields of each data base are going to be mapped to each other. Parse rules are made available to break a source field into multiple master fields. This allows mapping to be accomplished at a more granular level and allows users to move data from directories supporting different formats while maintaining the correct format in each environment. Examples of types of parse rules that may prove useful are:

- · Breaking a complete name into its component parts.
- Breaking a phone number into area code, exchange, and number.

Following is an example of how one might parse a telephone number into its component parts:

Source field: PHONE: (817)555-1212: !MAREA! !MEXCHANGE!

!MNUMBER!

The following parse rule will fill the destination fields with the correct data:

#### (!MAREA!) !MEXCHANGE!-!MNUMBER!

However, a problem exists if there is a record in the data base that doesn't conform to this mapping. For example, phone numbers are sometimes entered without any punctuation, such as the parameters for making a call via a modem. In cases like these, the synchronization program is broken, either terminating or mapping the fields incorrectly unbenounced to the user. The disclosed system ensures the appropriate mapping even in these ambiguous situations by defining system default rules to either accommodate known exceptions or to inform the user of potential error situations.

Continuing with the above phone number example, the administrator can define the following system default rules, based upon the length (number of non-blank characters contained in) the phone number field:

#### Resolving Ambiguous Parsing Rules - Continued

Length	Assumed Format	Example
>13	Message to user	
13	(!MAREA!)!MEXCHANGE!-!MNUMBER!	(817)555-1212
12	(!MAREA!)!MEXCHANGE!!MNUMBER!	(817)5551212
11	MAREA!!MEXCHANGE!-!MNUMBER!	817555-1212
10	!MAREA!!MEXCHANGE!!MNUMBER!	8175551212
9	Message to user	
8	!MEXCHANGE!-!MNUMBER!	555-1212
7	!MEXCHANGE!!MNUMBER!	5551212
6	!MPREFIX!-!MNUMBER!	5-1212
5	!MPREFIX!!MNUMBER!	51212
4	!MNUMBER! 1212	
<4	Message to user	

Now, if a non-standard entry is detected in a phone field, the system will map the field according to the appropriate system default rule. For example, if "8175551212 is detected, the system removes any blank characters, determines the length of the field (10), automatically assumes that the rule to be used is "!MAREA!!MEXCHANGE!!MNUMBER!, and assumes that 817 is the area code, 555 is the exchange, and 1212 is the number.

With this method, the data integrity of the mapped fields is maintained. Of course, the phone number scenario is only one example, as is the keying off the length of the field.

Also disclosed is the ability to automatically detect other non-conforming fields. For example, if the directory field, NAME, contains data in the following format:

Smith, R. (John)

the following is a typical parse rule that would correctly parse the name field:

!LNAME!, !MI! (!FNAME!)

The LNAME, MI, and FNAME are master fields. For the parse rule above, they would contain:

LNAME = Smith FNAME = John MI = R.

However, a problem exists if there is a record in the data base that doesn't conform to any of the defined mappings. For example, if a record contains a NAME field as follows:

Smith, J.R. (John)

as some data bases do, then the middle initial incorrectly gets mapped as:

MI = J.R.

#### Resolving Ambiguous Parsing Rules - Continued

The disclosed system detects that the "J" in the first middle initial matches the first letter of the first name "John". Then depending upon the preconfigured profile, the system will take one of the following actions:

- Automatically assume that the "J" in the first middle initial is redundant with the first letter of the first name "John", and that this person's name is "John R. Smith". Fields will then be mapped accordingly.
- Surface this exception to the administrator, who then decides whether this person's name is "John R. Smith" or "John J. R. Smith". Fields will then be mapped accordingly.

Also disclosed is the automatic search of the data base, and subsequent warning to the administrator upon detection of non-conforming data. The administrator is then allowed to intervene to ensure an accurate mapping of the non-conforming field. This process can either be performed at mapping time or at synchronization time.

- \* Trademark of IBM Corp.
- \*\* Trademark of Lotus Corp.

THE PERSON NAMED IN



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# **Record Display**

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Modify Search Search Results

# Record 5

#### Serial number TDB1194.0083

Field Name	Contents of Record 5
Size of Record	5157 total bytes in record, 4987 in TX field
Title	Resolving Ambiguous <b>Parsing</b> Rules
Publication Date	November, 1994
Copyright	This record was retrieved 15:03:53 Tue, June 7, 2005 from the SPI Database of Software TechnologiesCopyright © 1995-1998 Software Patent Institute.
Notices	Database entry Copyright © Software Patent Institute This article is © Copyright IBM Corp.
	system which ensures the appropriate <b>mapping</b> of ambiguous address book fields for be mapped to each other. <b>Parse</b> rules are made available to multiple master fields. This allows <b>mapping</b> to be accomplished at a more component parts.
Text of Submission	o Breaking a phone <b>number</b> into area code, exchange, and example of how one might <b>parse</b> a <b>telephone number</b> into its component parts: Source field: PHONE: (817)555-1212: !MAREA! !MEXCHANGE!! MNUMBER! The following <b>parse</b> rule will fill the destination is broken, either terminating or <b>mapping</b> the fields incorrectly unbenounced to the The disclosed system ensures the appropriate <b>mapping</b> even in these ambiguous situations situations.
	Continuing with the above phone <b>number</b> example, the administrator can define the non-blank characters contained in) the phone <b>number</b> field: Length Assumed Format Example is maintained. Of course, the phone <b>number</b> scenario is only one example, as (John) the following is a typical <b>parse</b> rule that would correctly <b>parse</b>

	the name field: !LNAME!, !MI! (!FNAME!) The LNAME, are master fields.  For the <b>parse</b> rule above, they would contain: LNAME = accordingly.
	Also disclosed is the automatic <b>search</b> of the data base, and subsequent to intervene to ensure an accurate <b>mapping</b> of the non-conforming field. This process can either be performed at <b>mapping</b> time or at synchronization time. * Trademark
Reference (pointer to work)	IBM TDB v37 n11 11-94 p211-214 Order: 94A 63339
Submission Date	April 19, 1995
Date Loaded into Database	February 14, 1997
Publisher	IBM Corporation.
Journal	IBM TDB
Corporate Source	IBM
Country of Origin	U.S.A.
Publication Language	English
Source Type (Journal, book, etc.)	journal

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**Publication Date: July, 1994** 

4. Method of Information Retrieval Based on Collocation

Publication Date: July, 1996

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Publication Date: March, 1993

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